## PULAMAHIA MAILE

Presently employed by Aloha Airlines, George Pulamahia Maile graduated as kumu hula in the "Papa Lehua" class from Maiki Aiu in 1981.

I must have been about seven or eight when I first took hula lessons from Aunty Mary Puku'i at her house on Birch Street. There were two cousins and three other members of Aunty's family. I took on and off for about a year or so until Aunty cancelled the lessons when the cousins stopped coming.

My next teacher was (Momi Auwae) who I stayed with for two years.

Ahakuelo

She studied under Ruby Hakuelo and she taught us strictly auana. She did

and local eluber as well

shows for the service clubs and the military bases. It wasn't until years

later, that I started with Aunty Maiki Aiu. I was 24 when I started with

Aunty Maiki and I stayed for over 20 years. I never left! I came and never

left!

It was really a chance of coincidence that I got into her halau. We were all at April Chock's wedding reception when I was persuaded to go up to dance. I was going to die. It was years since I danced. After I finished, Aunty Maiki said, "Where did you learn that? You did my whole routine. You're coming into the boys' class next week!" So that's how it started. I had picked up her whole routine without even realizing it by going in to her halau to wait for my friend Dutchie and by talking story with Aunty

Maiki. I guess I was just absorbing all these things.

We started with auana and then the kahiko was slowly interjected in until we actually studied to become kumu. I was asked by Aunty Maiki to be in this particular class for kumu. I think there were twenty-four in our class and we all became kumu. The name of our class was "Papa Lehua". The first student in "Papa Lehua" to become kumu was Ho'oulu Cambra. The rest of us puka(ed) as ho'opa'a that year and we followed as kumu the next Kelin Tau-a year. In our class were Robert Cazimero, Kaha'i Topolinski, Mililani Allen, Ulalia Berman, and 'Ala Heine. Kalena Silva, Harold Kealoha Wong, Kimi-Sullivan and Milton I were also part of our class. There are many others that I'm missing.

The kumu class was opened up to the public. We trained for four years to become ho'opa'a and then we trained to become kumu hula. The first uniki was at Ulumau Village in Kaneohe. It was an overnight thing. We had our ailolo ceremony the next day, but we went through the meditation and the preparation the night before. Many people were there quanty alice Namatelia, to watch. Ka'upena Wong, Aunty Sally Wood, Aunty Nana Kalama, Aunty Lokalia Montgomery and I think Uncle Marion Silva was there. Maiki would also invite them in during class time to observe from the back. Our class performed in mass at the uniki. As part of the uniki process, we had to

write a poem or oli and turn it in. We had to write something and then put a mele to it. If not, Maiki would. Some were to be kept as a private thing. It wasn't performed

After the uniki, I continued with Aunty Maiki. Every so often she would call me and ask for help. At first, I stayed on basically as a performer and a student. Then I started to teach in the halau. One group I worked with was a firemen's group and then I worked with another school of children at the halau. The only time I taught outside of the halau was with Kealoha Wong and her sister when they were teaching for the May Day program at Maryknoll. I also taught the promotion team for Aloha Airlines and I did four Hula Bowls' half-time shows. We brought girls in from all over the island for that. I've never had my own halau. I stayed with Aunty Maiki forever and a day.

When I teach, I try to be as close as possible to how Aunty Maiki taught it and try to keep her style of dancing. Before, every halau or hula studio had their own style. There was some movement of hands or some face gestures, something automatically saying that this dancer came from Ruanani Alama, or her sister or Aunty Maiki. I don't find that anymore. I think it's sad because the kumu have no style of their event. The shear haumana haumana.

Sometimes I wonder where they got the feet movements for the hula

kahiko today. I feel a lot of influence came from other Polynesian races, especially in the male kahiko. I remember watching the gentlemen dance 30 and 40 years ago and I see nothing the same today.

I think that it was prevalent with the old masters that if they thought that you weren't ready, they wouldn't give and you couldn't ask for it. There was no way that you could say, "I want to learn this, please."

You waited until it was given to you or until the time was right. And sometimes that's sad because these masters took half of it with them when they passed on. Nobody got it.